Since the action for recovery of government dues, as explained above, has to be conducted within the parameters prescribed under the Act, no time bound framework for action can be prescribed. However all efforts are made to obtain the necessary recovery orders from the Estate Officer under the Act expeditiously.

MPLADS Guidelines on Implementation of Electronic Projects

*391. SHRI SURINDER KUMAR SINGLA: DR. SHRIKANT RAMCHANDRA JICHKAR:

Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is a publication relating to MPLADS, knows as "Members of Parliament Local Area Development Scheme Guidelines" on implementation of electronics projects; and

(b) if so, what type of institution fall hinder the meaning of the words "As deemed fit by the MPs, the project may also be implemented at the appropriate places like Public Educational Institutions/Public aided or funded institutions, schools, colleges and at a centralised facility like Science Museum etc. wherein students in general could be given exposure/training on computers, as found in para 3 of page 4 of the above mentioned publication?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI YOGINDER K. ALAGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Guidelines mentioned above are subject to the overall policy guidelines on Member of Parliament Local Area DevelopmenfScheme (MPLADS) issued by the Department of Programme Im plementation. Para 3 of page No. 4 of the guidelines on Electronics Projects is in the context of the "Computer in Education Project Computer in Every High School". In order to avoid any confusion in regard to the places of implementation of the project, a clarifiction has already been issued on 26.2.1996 to all Collectors that the project be implemented only in Government and Government-aided schools/institutions and the clarification overrides the contents of para 3 of page No. 4 of the publication referred to in part (a) of the question.

Cost of Producing Electricity through Wind Power

*392 SHRI V. HANUMANTHA RAO: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the average cost of producing 1 MW of electricity through wind power in India;

(b) whether any State-wise survey has been conducted on the average cost of production of electricity through wind power;

(c) whether it is a fact that Andhra Pradesh has good potential to establish wind energy farms; and

(d) if so, the reasons for neglecting Andhra Pradesh in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI): (a) and (b) The overall capital cost of wind power projects ranges from Rs. 4.00-4.50 crores per MW. On an average, the cost of electricity generation from wind ranges between Rs. 2.00-2.50 per KWh. The cost varies from State to State, and depends upon the wind resource available at a specific site, and the incentives available in each State.

(c) and (d) Andhra Pradesh is considered as one of the States which have good potential to tap wind energy for power generation. A wind power capacity of 48 MW has already been set up in the State, mostly by the private sector.